# A shape with equal length sides and angles. 

A shape that has at least one different angle or side.

## An angle that measures exactly $90^{\circ}$

An angle that measures than $90^{\circ}$

An angle that measures

$$
\text { than } 90^{\circ}
$$

An angle that measures more than $180^{\circ}$

Lines that run next to each other but will never cross.

# Lines that Cross at $90^{\circ}$ 

Shape than when folded or put on a mirror, has both dies matching.

> A triangle that has one angle that measures $90^{\circ}$

A triangle that has 2 angles and 2 sides the same

A triangle that has all sides
and angles the same

## A triangle that has all sides and angles different

# A quadrilateral that has one pair of parallel lines 

## A quadrilateral that has

 opposite sides and angles equal.A quadrilateral that has two pairs of parallel lines, equal lengths and angles, all at $90^{\circ}$

A quadrilateral that has opposite sides equal length and parallel, and all angles $90^{\circ}$

A quadrilateral that has opposite sides and angles equal, and opposite sides parallel.

# 4 <br> 5 <br> sided <br> shape. 

## sided

shape

# An 8 sided shape 

# A shape that has length, width and also depth. 

A flat 2D 'plan' of a 3D shape

# A 3D shape with all angles and edges equal. 

A 3D shape that has the same shape at both ends.

A 3d shape that has a shape at one end, meeting at one point at the other.

A 3D shape with no angles,
vertices or edges - like a ball.

A 3D shape that has a circle at both ends.

A 3D shape that has a circle at one end, meeting at a point at the other.

# The distance around a shape. 

> The surface or area that a 2D shape covers.

# The line between 2 vertices. 

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { A point (corner) of a 3D } \\
\text { shape. }
\end{gathered}
$$

