Main and subordinate clauses			
Section A:			
Write out the sentence. Say whether the underlined part is a clause or a phrase. If it has a subject and verb, it is a clause.			
Example: We walked all the way to the station. Clause			
1) The big cat had eaten too many treats			
2) The small dog barked at the cat			
3) The old tree swayed in the wind			
4) On the bus, the people were comfortable			
5) Awake and fresh, she tried hard in the test			
Section B:			
Write out the sentence. Underline the main clause, and put brackets around the subordinate clause.			
Example: The children asked for the window to be opened (because it was so hot).			
1) Tommy laughed loudly as he played a game.			

- 2) Because it was dirty, he had to wash the T-shirt.
- 3) He wanted to buy a sandwich, one with lots of lettuce.
- 4) Sajid was going swimming so packed his towel in the bag.
- 5) Chasing his tail, the dog ran round in circles.

Section C:

Add a subordinate clause to the main clause

Example: The restaurant, which has sublime food, is the most popular in London.

1)	The film,	, gave him nightmares!
2)	The train,	, was late again.
3)	Andy's goal,	, was the best they had seen

Section D:

Add a main clause to the subordinate clause

1)	, which was really boring.
2)	, that was very old,
21	who was the head how